

Electric Charge



There are 2 types of electric charge... Positive (+) and Negative (-)



Electric Charge

There are 2 types of electric charge... Positive (+) and Negative (-)

Opposite charges attract



Same charges repel







Objects (*like the atoms that make them up*) are normally neutral. A piece of vinyl and a wool cloth are both made of atoms.





Normally neutral, they each contain an equal number of positive and negative charges.





When rubbed together *(friction)*, many electrons are transferred from the wool onto the vinyl.





When rubbed together *(friction)*, many electrons are transferred from the wool onto the vinyl.



When rubbed together *(friction)*, many electrons are transferred from the wool onto the vinyl.





How do we know which material gets the electrons? We look it up on a list ...

The Triboelectric Series

(Electrostatic Series)

Static Charge by Friction
Triboelectric Series:

The material closer to the will gain electrons (become negatively charged) Human body Glass Mica Nylon Wool Silk Aluminum Polyester Paper Cotton Steel Copper Rubber. Polyurethane. Polypropylene Vinyl chloride Silicon Fluororesin



+

Example I: Vinyl & Wool











Rubber





Same charges repel





WeKnowMemen

Static Charge by Conduction

Charged Object



Charged object touches a neutral object



Static Charge by Conduction

Charged Object











Static Charge by Induction

Charged Object



Charged object brought near a neutral object



Static Charge by Induction

Charged Object



Charged object brought near a neutral object



Static Charge by Induction



(Sides temporarily charged)







Water When a water molecule is formed, the oxygen atom has a strong pull on the electrons from the hydrogen atoms.
 The oxygen has a negative charge.
 The hydrogens have a positive charge.





Water molecules falling ...

Summary

Method of static charging	Materials at start	Procedure	Materials after





