# Manufacturing technical objects

The Technological World

Chapter 12, pg 385-401

What's a technical object?



What's a technical object?

#### Def:An object designed by humans to fit a particular need

- So, pretty much anything which, the material has been transformed to meet a need
- Which could be something to play candy crush saga on, to figure out the temperature, to hit a nail in place, or to satisfy one's caffeine fix
- The object must be made from **at least one material**

What's a Mechanical Constraint?

- Def: A mechanical constraint describes the effect of external forces on a material
- There are five types of mechanical constraints:
  - **1**. Compression
  - 2. Tension
  - 3. Torsion
  - 4. Deflection (*Bending*)
  - 5. Shearing

# Compression

• Def: Force which crushes materials



#### Tension

• Def: Force which stretches materials



## Torsion

• Def: Force which twists materials



Deflection (*Bending*) • Def: Force which bends materials



## Shearing

• Def: Force which cuts and/or tears materials



In the following examples, name the Mechanical Constraint

Scenario	Students are involved in a tug of war game	A car getting crushed in a scrap yard	A dish cloth being rung out
Type of Constraint			
Symbol			

In the following examples, name the Mechanical Constraint

Scenario	Hockey players curving the end of their sticks.	Ripping a candy wrapper off.	Swinging on a swing set.
Type of Constraint			
Symbol			

## Deformations

- Def: A deformation is caused by a material's inability to prevent mechanical constraints from altering their shape
- Three categories of deformations (each is more damaging than the previous)
  - 1. Elastic: Temporary; object goes to original shape after constraint is removed.
  - 2. Plastic: Permanent; object is deformed after constraint is removed.
  - 3. Fracture: Permanent; object breaks.

Relationship between deformation and mechanical constraint

- Mechanical constraints **causes** the deformation
- As the **force** applied **increases**, the **degree** of **deformation increases**.
- Ex: Bending a pencil

In the following examples, name the deformation, and the type of mechanical constraint causing it.

Scenario	Peeta Mellark bending a metal cane	Katniss Everdeen shooting an arrow from her bow	Haymitch Abernathy breaking a bottle by smashing it with a hammer
Type of Deformation			
Mechanical Constraint causing it			

Mechanical Properties

- Def: Way materials react to mechanical constraints.
- 6 key properties
  - **1**. Hardness:
  - 2. Elasticity
  - 3. Resilience
  - 4. Ductility
  - 5. Malleability
  - 6. Stiffness

#### Hardness

• Ability to resist indentation or abrasion

Elasticity

• Ability to return to original shape after undergoing a constraint

## Resilience

• Ability to resist shocks without breaking

## Ductility

• Ability to be stretched without breaking

# Malleability

• Ability to be flattened or bent without breaking

Stiffness

• Ability to retain their shape when subjected to various constraints

Other Properties of Materials While not mechanical properties (i.e. property to resist a mechanical constraint) these are equally vital in choosing materials for technical objects

- 1. Resistance to corrosion : Resists effects of corrosive substances
- 2. Electrical conductivity
- 3. Thermal conductivity

### Degradation vs Protection

#### Degradation

 Material's properties weaken due to the effects of the surrounding environment

#### Protection

• Material's properties are enhanced to prevent or delay degradation Categories of Materials and their Properties

- 5 main categories
  - 1. Wood and Modified Wood
  - 2. Ceramics
  - 3. Metals and Alloys
  - 4. Plastics
  - 5. Composites

Use your textbook to help you find the required information for you notes. These notes will **be picked up for marks**.

# Answers of Note Taking Assignment

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